



State Water Resources Control Board

Division of Drinking Water

December 19, 2014 System No.: 5401076

Mr. Gary Nakagawa, Plant Manager Golden State Vintners 38558 Road 128 Cutler, CA 93615

RE:

Citation No. 03-24-14C-008

<u>Violation of Title 22, California Code of Regulations, Section 64426.1,</u> For August 2014

Dear Mr. Nakagawa:

Enclosed is a Citation issued to the Golden State Vintners (Water System) public water system.

The Water System will be billed at the Division's hourly rate (currently estimated at \$126.00) for the time spent on issuing this Citation. The California Health and Safety Code Section 116577 provides that a public water system must reimburse the Division for actual costs incurred by the Division for specific enforcement actions, including but not limited to, preparing, issuing and monitoring compliance with a citation. At this time, the Division has spent approximately one hour on enforcement activities associated with this violation.

The Water System will receive a bill sent from the Division of Drinking Water Fee Billing Unit in August of the next fiscal year. This bill will contain fees for any enforcement time spent on Golden State Vintners for the current fiscal year.

If you have any questions regarding this letter and the enclosed citation, please contact the Tulare District office at (559) 447-3300.

Chad Fischer, P.E.

Sincerely

Senior Sanitary Engineer, Tulare District SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA BRANCH DRINKING WATER FIELD OPERATIONS

CJF/TS Enclosure

CC:

Tulare County Environmental Health Department

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STATE OF CALIFORNIA WATER RESOURCES CONTROL BOARD DIVISION OF DRINKING WATER

IN RE:

TO:

CC:

GOLDEN STATE VINTNERS

Water System No. 5401076

Mr. Gary Nakagawa, Plant Manager

Golden State Vintners 38558 Road 128 Cutler, CA 93615

Fresno County Division of Environmental Services

Tulare County Environmental Health Services Department

CITATION FOR VIOLATION OF CALIFORNIA CODE OF REGULATIONS, TITLE 22, SECTION 64426.1 August 2014

Issued on December 19, 2014

Section 116650 of the California Health and Safety Code authorizes the issuance of a citation to a public water system for violation of the California Safe Drinking Water Act (Health and Safety Code, Division 104, Part 12, Chapter 4, commencing with Section 116270) (hereinafter "California SDWA"), or any regulation, standard, permit or order issued or adopted thereunder.

The State Water Resources Control Board (hereinafter "Board"), acting by and through its Division of Drinking Water (hereinafter "Division") and the Deputy Director for the Division (hereinafter "Deputy Director"), hereby issues a citation to the Golden State Vintners (hereinafter "Water System") (6734 Charity Ave, Bakersfield, CA 93308) for violation of California Code of Regulations (CCR), Title 22, Section 64426.1.

APPLICABLE AUTHORITIES

The applicable statutes and regulations are provided in Appendix A, attached hereto and incorporated by reference.

STATEMENT OF FACTS

The Water System is a nontransient noncommunity water system serving a population of approximately 50 persons through 10 service connections. Effective July 1, 2014 regulatory oversight for this water system was transferred to the Division from the Tulare County Department of Environmental Health. The Water System currently operates under a water supply permit issued by the Tulare County Department of Environmental Health on September 28, 2011.

The Water System is required to collect a minimum of one distribution system bacteriological sample per month. The bacteriological water analysis results submitted by the Water System reported the presence of total coliform bacteria in the monthly routine sample collected by the Water System in August 2014. The positive sample did not show the presence of fecal coliform or *E. coli* bacteria.

Upon being informed of the presence of total coliform bacteria in the routine sample collected on August 21, 2014, Water System staff collected a total of four repeat samples on August 22, 2014. Three of the repeat samples showed the presence of total coliform bacteria. An additional set of four repeat samples were collected on August 28, 2014. One of the repeat samples was positive for total coliform bacteria. None of the repeat samples showed the presence of *E. coli* bacteria. All distribution water samples for coliform bacteria collected during August and September are summarized in Attachment B.

The cause of the contamination is unknown since no specific source of contamination has been identified (see attachment A). The Water System does not provide continuous disinfection of the distribution system. The analytical results for the well that was online in the month of August 2014 reported concetrations of 5.3 MPN/100mL for total coliform bacteria and <1.0 MPN/100mL for *E. Coli*. Follow up source sampling conducted on August 28, 2014 reported concentrations of 1.0 MPN/100mL for total coliform bacteria and <1.1 MPN/100mL for *E. coli* bacteria.

The five routine samples required the month following a month with one or more total coliform positive samples were collected on September 22, 2014, and were negative for total coliform bacteria.

The Groundwater Rule (GWR) requires the collection of a sample for bacteriological evaluation from the well(s) serving the system in response to a coliform positive distribution sample within 24 hours of being notified of the coliform positive result. Based on data submitted to the Division, the Water System collected their raw water samples in a timely manner in follow up to the total coliform positive routine sample collected on August 21, 2014. All source water samples for coliform bacteria collected during August and September are summarized in Attachment C.

Public notification to the Division and consumers of a water system is required whenever a violation of the Total Coliform MCL occurs. Notification to the Division is required by the end of the business day on which the violation has been determined. If the Division is closed, notification shall be within 24 hours of the determination. The Division was notified of the Total Coliform MCL violation on August 25.

Public notification to the consumers of the Water System was conducted on August 26, 2014 advising each customer of the failure of the total coliform MCL during the month of August 2014. The Division received a copy of the posted notice and Proof of Notification on August 28, 2014. A copy of the notice that was posted is provided as Attachment D. Proof of Notification is provided as Attachment E.

DETERMINATION

Title 22, CCR, Section 64426.1, Total Coliform Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL) provides that a public water system that collects fewer than 40 bacteriological samples per month has violated the regulation if more than one sample collected during any month is total coliform positive.

The Division has determined that the Water System failed to comply with Title 22, CCR, Section 64426.1, Total Coliform MCL for the month of August 2014 due to the presence of total coliform bacteria in five of nine samples collected in August 2014.

DIRECTIVES

Golden State Vintners has completed the necessary public notification and investigation and no other directives are necessary at this time.

The Division reserves the right to make such modifications to the Citation as it may deem necessary to protect public health and safety. Such modifications may be issued as amendments to this Citation and shall be effective upon issuance.

Nothing in this Citation relieves the Water System of its obligation to meet the requirements of the California Safe Drinking Water Act or any regulation, standard, permit or order issued thereunder.

All submittal required by this Citation shall be submitted to the Division at the following address:

Chad Fischer, P.E.
Senior Sanitary Engineer
State Water Resources Control Board
Division of Drinking Water
265 W. Bullard Avenue, Suite 101
Fresno, CA 93704

PARTIES BOUND

This Citation shall apply to and be binding upon the Golden State Vintners, its officers, directors, agents, employees, contractors, successors, and assignees.

<u>SEVERABILITY</u>

The Directives of this Citation are severable, and the Water System shall comply with each and every provision thereof notwithstanding the effectiveness of any provision.

FURTHER ENFORCEMENT ACTION

The California SDWA authorizes the Board to: issue citation with assessment of administrative penalties to a public water system for violation or continued violation of the requirements of the California SDWA or any permit, regulation or order issued or adopted thereunder including, but not limited to, failure to correct a violation identified in a citation or compliance order. The California SDWA also authorizes the Board to take action to suspend or revoke a permit that has been issued to a public water system if the system has violated applicable law or regulations or has failed to comply with an order of the Board; and to petition the superior court to take various enforcement measures against a public water system that has failed to comply with an order of the Board. The Board does not waive any further enforcement action by issuance of this citation.

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Date Pale

Chad Fischer, P.E.

Senior Sanitary Engineer, Tulare District
DRINKING WATER FIELD OPERATIONS BRANCH

CJF/TS

Appendices:

Appendix A: Applicable Statues Regulations for Citation 03-24-14C-008

Attachments:

Attachment A: Positive Total Coliform Investigation report

Attachment B: Summary of Distribution Bacteriological Samples from August 2014 to Sept. 2014

Attachment C: Summary of Source Bacteriological Samples from August 2014 to Sept. 2014

Attachment D: Public Notice for August 2014

Attachment E: Proof of Notification Form



APPENDIX A

Applicable Statues and Regulations for Citation No. 03-24-14C-008

Section 116650 of the CHSC states in relevant part: §116650. Citations

- (a) If the Division determines that a public water system is in violation of this chapter or any regulation, permit, standard, citation, or order issued or adopted thereunder, the Division may issue a citation to the public water system. The citation shall be served upon the public water system personally or by certified mail. Service shall be deemed effective as of the date of personal service or the date of receipt of the certified mail. If a person to whom a citation is directed refuses to accept delivery of the certified mail, the date of service shall be deemed to be the date of mailing.
- (b) Each citation shall be in writing and shall describe the nature of the violation or violations, including a reference to the statutory provision, standard, order, citation, permit, or regulation alleged to have been violated.
- (c) A citation may specify a date for elimination or correction of the condition constituting the violation.
- (d) A citation may include the assessment of a penalty as specified in subdivision (e).
- (e) The Division may assess a penalty in an amount not to exceed one thousand dollars (\$1,000) per day for each day that a violation occurred, and for each day that a violation continues to occur. A separate penalty may be assessed for each violation.

Section 64424 of Title 22, California Code of Regulations (CCR) states in relevant part: §64424. Repeat Sampling.

- (a) If a routine sample is total coliform-positive, the water supplier shall collect a repeat sample set as described in paragraph (a)(1) within 24 hours of being notified of the positive result. The repeat samples shall all be collected within the same 24 hour time period. A single service connection system may request that the Division allow the collection of the repeat sample set over a four-day period.
 - (1) For a water supplier that normally collects more than one routine sample a month, a repeat sample set shall be at least three samples for each total coliform-positive sample. For a water supplier that normally collects one or fewer samples per month, a repeat sample set shall be at least four samples for each total coliform-positive sample.
 - (2) If the water supplier is unable to collect the samples within the 24-hour time period specified in subsection (a) or deliver the samples to the laboratory within 24 hours after collection because of circumstances beyond its control, the water supplier shall notify the Department within 24 hours. The Department will then determine how much time the supplier will have to collect the repeat samples.
- (b) When collecting the repeat sample set, the water supplier shall collect at least one repeat sample from the sampling tap where the original total coliform-positive sample was taken. Other repeat samples shall be collected within five service connections upstream or downstream of the original site. At least one sample shall be from upstream and one from downstream unless there is no upstream and/or downstream service connection.
- (c) If one or more samples in the repeat sample set is total coliform-positive, the water supplier shall collect and have analyzed an additional set of repeat samples as

- specified in subsections (a) and (b). The supplier shall repeat this process until either no coliforms are detected in one complete repeat sample set or the supplier determines that the MCL for total coliforms specified in §64426.1 has been exceeded and notifies the Department.
- (d) If a public water system for which fewer than five routine samples/month are collected has one or more total coliform-positive samples, the water supplier shall collect at least five routine samples the following month. If the supplier stops supplying water during the month after the total coliform-positive(s), at least five samples shall be collected during the first month the system resumes operation. A water supplier may request the Department waive the requirement to collect at least five routine samples the following month, but a waiver will not be granted solely on the basis that all repeat samples are total coliform-negative. To request a waiver, one of the following conditions shall be met:
 - (1) The Department conducts a site visit before the end of the next month the system provides water to the public to determine whether additional monitoring and/or corrective action is necessary to protect public health.
 - (2) The Department determines why the sample was total coliform-positive and establishes that the system has corrected the problem or will correct the problem before the end of the next month the system serves water to the public. If a waiver is granted, a system shall collect at least one routine sample before the end of the next month it serves water to the public and use it to determine compliance with §64426.1.

Section 64426.1 of Title 22, California Code of Regulations (CCR) states in relevant part: §64426.1. Total Coliform Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL).

- (a) Results of all samples collected in a calendar month pursuant to Sections 64423, 64424, and 64425 that are not invalidated by the Department or the laboratory shall be included in determining compliance with the total coliform MCL. Special purpose samples such as those listed in §64421(b) and samples collected by the water supplier during special investigations shall not be used to determine compliance with the total coliform MCL.
- (b) A public water system is in violation of the total coliform MCL when any of the following occurs:
 - (1) For a public water system which collects at least 40 samples per month, more than 5.0 percent of the samples collected during any month are total coliform-positive; or
 - (2) For a public water system which collects fewer than 40 samples per month, more than one sample collected during any month is total coliform-positive; or
 - (3) Any repeat sample is fecal coliform-positive or E. coli-positive; or
 - (4) Any repeat sample following a fecal coliform-positive or E. coli-positive routine sample is total coliform-positive.
- (c) If a public water system is not in compliance with paragraphs (b)(1) through (4), during any month in which it supplies water to the public, the water supplier shall notify the Department by the end of the business day on which this is determined, unless the determination occurs after the Department office is closed, in which case the supplier shall notify the Department within 24 hours of the determination. The water supplier shall also notify the consumers served by the water system. A Tier 2 Public Notice shall be given for violations of paragraphs (b)(1) or (2), pursuant to section 64463.4. A Tier 1 Public Notice shall be given for violations of paragraphs (b)(3) or (4), pursuant to section 64463.1.

Section 64463.4 of Title 22, California Code of Regulations (CCR) states in relevant part: \$64463.4. Tier 2 Public Notice.

- (a) A water system shall give public notice pursuant to this section if any of the following occurs:
 - (1) Any violation of the MCL, MRDL, and treatment technique requirements, except:
 - (A) Where a Tier 1 public notice is required under section 64463.1; or
 - (B) Where the Department determines that a Tier 1 public notice is required, based on potential health impacts and persistence of the violations;
 - (2) All violations of the monitoring and testing procedure requirements in sections 64421 through 64426.1, article 3 (Primary Standards Bacteriological Quality), for which the Department determines that a Tier 2 rather than a Tier 3 public notice is required, based on potential health impacts and persistence of the violations;
- (b) A water system shall give the notice as soon as possible within 30 days after it learns of a violation or occurrence specified in subsection (a), except that the water system may request an extension of up to 60 days for providing the notice. This extension would be subject to the Department's written approval based on the violation or occurrence having been resolved and the Department's determination that public health and welfare would in no way be adversely affected. In addition, the water system shall:
 - (1) Maintain posted notices in place for as long as the violation or occurrence continues, but in no case less than seven days;
 - (2) Repeat the notice every three months as long as the violation or occurrence continues. Subject to the Department's written approval based on its determination that public health would in no way be adversely affected, the water system may be allowed to notice less frequently but in no case less than once per year. No allowance for reduced frequency of notice shall be given in the case of a total coliform MCL violation or violation of a Chapter 17 treatment technique requirement; and
- (c) A water system shall deliver the notice, in a manner designed to reach persons served, within the required time period as follows:
 - (1) Unless otherwise directed by the Department in writing based on its assessment of the violation or occurrence and the potential for adverse effects on public health and welfare, community water systems shall give public notice by;
 - (A) Mail or direct delivery to each customer receiving a bill including those that provide their drinking water to others (e.g., schools or school systems, apartment building owners, or large private employers), and other service connections to which water is delivered by the water system; and
 - (B) Use of one or more of the following methods to reach persons not likely to be reached by a mailing or direct delivery (renters, university students, nursing home patients, prison inmates, etc.):
 - 1. Publication in a local newspaper;
 - 2. Posting in conspicuous public places served by the water system, or on the Internet; or
 - 3. Delivery to community organizations.
 - (2) Unless otherwise directed by the Department in writing based on its assessment of the violation or occurrence and the potential for adverse effects on public health and welfare, noncommunity water systems shall give the public notice by:

- (A) Posting in conspicuous locations throughout the area served by the water system; and
- (B) Using one or more of the following methods to reach persons not likely to be reached by a public posting:
 - 1. Publication in a local newspaper or newsletter distributed to customers;
 - 2. E-mail message to employees or students;
 - 3. Posting on the Internet or intranet; or
 - 4. Direct delivery to each customer.

Section 64465. of Title 22, California Code of Regulations (CCR) states in relevant part: §64465. Public Notice Content and Format.

- (a) Each public notice given pursuant to this article, except Tier 3 public notices for variances and exemptions pursuant to subsection (b), shall contain the following:
 - (1) A description of the violation or occurrence, including the contaminant(s) of concern, and (as applicable) the contaminant level(s);
 - (2) The date(s) of the violation or occurrence;
 - (3) Any potential adverse health effects from the violation or occurrence, including the appropriate standard health effects language from appendices 64465-A through G;
 - (4) The population at risk, including subpopulations particularly vulnerable if exposed to the contaminant in drinking water;
 - (5) Whether alternative water supplies should be used;
 - (6) What actions consumers should take, including when they should seek medical help, if known:
 - (7) What the water system is doing to correct the violation or occurrence;
 - (8) When the water system expects to return to compliance or resolve the occurrence;
 - (9) The name, business address, and phone number of the water system owner, operator, or designee of the water system as a source of additional information concerning the public notice;
 - (10) A statement to encourage the public notice recipient to distribute the public notice to other persons served, using the following standard language: "Please share this information with all the other people who drink this water, especially those who may not have received this public notice directly (for example, people in apartments, nursing homes, schools, and businesses). You can do this by posting this public notice in a public place or distributing copies by hand or mail"; and
 - (11) For a water system with a monitoring and testing procedure violation, this language shall be included: "We are required to monitor your drinking water for specific contaminants on a regular basis. Results of regular monitoring are an indicator of whether or not your drinking water meets health standards. During [compliance period dates], we ['did not monitor or test' or 'did not complete all monitoring or testing'] for [contaminant(s)], and therefore, cannot be sure of the quality of your drinking water during that time."
- (c) Each public notice given pursuant to this article shall contain information in Spanish regarding the importance of the notice, or contain a telephone number or address where Spanish-speaking residents may contact the water system to obtain a translated copy of the public notice or assistance in Spanish. For each non-English speaking group other than Spanish-speaking that exceeds 1,000 residents or 10% of the residents in the community served, whichever is less, the public notice shall:

- (1) Contain information in the appropriate language(s) regarding the importance of the notice, or
- (2) Contain a telephone number or address where such residents may contact the water system to obtain a translated copy of the notice or assistance in the appropriate language.
- (d) Each public notice given pursuant to this article shall:
 - (1) Be displayed such that it catches people's attention when printed or posted and be formatted in such a way that the message in the public notice can be understood at the eighth-grade level;
 - (2) Not contain technical language beyond an eighth-grade level or print smaller than 12 point; and
 - (3) Not contain language that minimizes or contradicts the information being given in the public notice.

POSITIVE TOTAL COLIFORM INVESTIGATION Simple Well with Pressure Tank Systems

Simple Well with Pressure Tank Systems

This form is intended to assist public water systems in completing the investigation required by the Division of Drinking Water (Section 64426(b) of Title 22, California Code of Regulations) and may be modified to take into account conditions unique to the system.

ADMINISTRATIVE INFORMATION

1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 100		
PWS Name: Golden State Vintners- Cutler Winery	PWSID NUMBER: 5401076	5401076
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Name	Address	Telephone #
Vakagawa- Plant Manager	38558 Road 128, Cutler, CA 93615	559-528-3033
ferent than ORC FGL (Neil Jessup)	,	559-734-8435
	<u>]</u>	
Owner The Wine Group	17000 E Hwy 120, Ripon, CA 95366	209-599-4111
ed Laboratory for Microbiological Analyses FGL	9415 W. Goshen Ave., Visalia, CA	559-734-8435
	93291	
Date Investigation Completed: September 8, 2014 Month(s) of Total Coliform MCL Failure: March 2014, May 2014 and August 2014		

INVESTIGATION DETAILS

														7			\neg	
k. Provide the date and result of the last TC test at this location		j. How often do you take a raw water total coliform (TC) test?	i. To what treatment plant (name) does this well pump?	h. Is the wellhead secured to prevent unauthorized access?	connections? (describe all connections in comments)	g. Are there any connections to the raw water piping that could be cross	f. Is there evidence of standing water near the wellhead?	e. Does the ground surface slope towards well head?		d is well head located in pit or is any piping from the wellhead submerged?	c. Is wellhead seal watertight?	b. Is wellhead vent pipe screened?	a. Is raw water sample tap upstream from point of disinfection?	Inspect each well head for physical defects and report		SOURCE TO THE STATE OF THE STAT		
See comment	Permit	Per	None	Yes		No	No	Yes		Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Done	***	(name)	- X	
																(name)	WELL	
																(name)	SEL-	
																(name)	SEL.	
Sampled 6/21/14- positive 10	Carallal Signal Angelian To	Once/month							surface. Submersible pump.	Wellhead is below ground				Only one well #2	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	COMMENTS		

POSITIVE TOTAL COLIFORM INVESTIGATION Page 2 of 4

DISTRIBUTION CYCIES	SYSTEM RESPONSES:
1. What is the minimum pressure you are maintaining in the distribution system?	70-80 PSI
Did pressure in the distribution system drop to less than 5 psi prior to experiencing the TCR positive finding.	No
Has the distribution system been worked on within the last week? (service taps,	No
hydrant flushing, main breaks, main extensions, etc.) If yes, provide details.	
4. Are there any signs of excavations near your distribution system not under the direct	No
control of your maintenance staff?	
Did you inspect your distribution system to check for mainline leaks? Do you or did	Yes and found no mainline leaks
you have a mainline leak?	
6. If there was a mainline leak, when was it repaired?	N/A
7. On what date was the distribution system last flushed?	8/26/2014- Used Chlorine and flushed water system
8. Is there a written flushing procedure you can provide for our review?	No
9 Do you have an active cross connection control program?	Yes- May 20, 2013
10. What is name and phone number of your Cross-Connection Control Program	Michael McKeever; pH# 559-673-9646
Coordinator?	
11. Is the review and testing of backflow prevention devices current?	NIA
12. On what date was the last physical survey of the system done to identify cross-	May 20, 2013
connections?	

SAMPLE SITE EVALUATION (Complete for all TC+ or EC+ findings)	Routine Site		Downstream	Sample 4
	TC+ or EC+	Upstream Site	Site	(specify)
				Well
1. What is the height of the sample tap above grade? (inches)	42 inches	38 inches	43 inches	60 inches
2. Is the sample tap located in an exterior location or is it protected by an enclosure?	No-lab faucet	Yes-413	Yes-506	Yes-well
3. Is the sample tap threaded, have a swing arm (kitchen sink) or aerator (sinks)?	Yes	No	Yes	No
4. Is the sample tap in good condition, free of leaks around the stem or packing?	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
5. Can the sample tap be adjusted to the point where a good laminar flow can be	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
achieved without excessive splash?				
6. Is the sample tap and area around the sample tap clean and dry (free of animal	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
droppings. other contaminants or spray irrigation systems)				
7 is the area around the sample tap free of excessive vegetation or other impediments	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
to sample collection				
8. Describe how the tap was treated in preparation for sample collection (ran water,	Ran water,	Ran water, turned	Ran water,	Ran water,
swabbed with disinfectant, flamed, etc.)	turned off water,	off water, pour	turned off water,	turned off
	pour chlorine on	chlorine on outside	pour chlorine on	water, pour
	outside of tap,	of tap, turned on	outside of tap,	chlorine on
	turned on water,	water, took sample	turned on water,	outside of
	took sample		took sample	tap, turned

POSITIVE TOTAL COLIFORM INVESTIGATION

Page 3 of 4

	10. What were the weather conditions at the time of the positive sample (rainy, windy, sunny),	Is this sample tap designated on the sampling plan submitted with this information request?		SAMPLE SITE EVALUATION (Complete for all TC+ or EC+ findings)
	sunny and warm	Yes		Routine Site TC+ or EC+
	sunny and warm	Yes		Upstream Site
	sunny and warm	Yes	·	Downstream Site
	sunny and warm	Yes	on water, took sample	Sample 4 (specify) Well

5. What were the symptoms of illness if you received complaints about customers being No sick?	4. During or soon after bacteriological quality problems, did you receive any complaints of any customers' illness suspected of being waterborne? How many?		3. Does the system have backup power or elevated storage?	2. Where there any main breaks, water outages, or low pressure reported in the service area where TC+ or EC+ samples were located.	Where there any power outages that affected water system facilities during the 30 days prior to the TC+ or EC + findings?	GENERAL OPERATIONS:
No	No	Yes storage tank is above ground	No power and	No	No	Response

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION TO BE SUBMITTED WITH RESPONSES TO THE ABOVE QUESTIONS

- 1. Sketch of System showing all sources, treatment locations, storage tanks, microbiological sampling sites and general layout of the distribution system including
- the location of all hazardous connections such as the wastewater treatment facility.

 2. A set of photographs of the well, pressure tanks, and storage tanks in the system may be submitted if they would show that the contamination is directly related and changes have been made since the last inspection by our Department
- 3. Name, certification level and certificate number of the Operator in Responsible Charge.
- 4. Copy of the last cross connection survey performed that identifies the location of all unprotected cross connections.

POSITIVE TOTAL COLIFORM INVESTIGATION Page 4 of 4

	WHAT DO YOU BELIEVE TO BE THE CAUSE OF THE POSITIVE TOTAL COLIFORM SAMPLES FROM YOUR PUBLIC WATER	SUMMARY: BASED ON THE RESULTS OF YOUR INVESTIGATION AND ANY OTHER INFORMATION AT YOUR DISPOSAL,
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DATE: 9/4/2014				
	CCURATE TO THE BEST OF MY PROFESSIONAL KNOWLEDGE	SEST OF MY PROFES	ATE TO THE B	CCUR
SERTIFICATION: I CERTIFY THAT THE INFORMATION SUBMITTED IN RESPONSE TO THE QUESTIONS ABOVE IS	THE INFORMATION SUBMIT	N: I CERTIFY THAT	TIFICATIO!	Ä R
e to monitor.	The investigation did not show why positive coliforms but will continue to monitor.	d not show why positi	vestigation did	The in
			M?	SYSTEM?
WHAT DO YOU BELIEVE TO BE THE CAUSE OF THE POSITIVE TOTAL COLIFORM SAMPLES FROM YOUR PUBLIC WATER	SE OF THE POSITIVE TOTAL	EVE TO BE THE CAUS	DO YOU BELIE	TAHS
O CIVILATA T. BASED ON THE RESULTS OF YOUR INVESTIGATION ANY OTHER INFORMATION AT YOUR DISPOSAL,	IS OF YOUR INVESTIGATION	SED ON THE RESULT		CI

Bacteriological Distribution Monitoring Report

5401076 Sample Date	emerco-sense omiseken til åt bleke sessel er er ett en en ett		E Coli		НРС	Туре	Cl2	Cl2 Avg	Viol. Type	GWR Satisfied?	req: 1/M Comments
9/22/2014	5 Samples	Α	Α			Routine					
9/15/2014	1ROU	Α	Α			Routine					
8/28/2014	East Wall Lab Sink	<1.0	<1.0			Repeat					
8/28/2014	Tank 413	<1.0	<1.0			Repeat					
8/28/2014	Well 1 - Back Up Well	1	<1.0			Source Repeat					
8/28/2014	Office Sink	<1.0	<1.0			Repeat					
8/22/2014	East Wall Lab Sink	1	<1.0			Repeat					
8/22/2014	BRF Front Office	<1.0	<1.0			Routine					
8/22/2014	Tank 413	1	<1.0			Repeat					
8/22/2014	Well	5.3	<1.0			Source Repeat			MCL.	Yes	Citation 03-24-14C-009
8/21/2014	East Wall Faucet	Р	Α			Routine					
MR1 No month MR2 No quarte MR3 Incorrect	the maximum contaminan nly sample for the report m erly sample for the report n number of routine sample ollect 5 routine samples fo	onth nonth s for the rep		itive sample	MR5 MR6 MR7 MR8 MR9	No source No summa	sample ary report s iments and		es as follow	v-up to a pos	itive sample

Source Bacteriological Monitoring Report

5401076			e Vintners						
Sample Date	Time	Source	Sample Type	Test Method	T Coli	E Coli	F Coli	Violation	Comments
9/5/2014		Well 02	Well	MPN	<1.0	<1.0			A -12-21-21-21-21-21-21-21-21-21-21-21-21-

PROOF OF NOTIFICATION

(Return with copy of the Notice)

As required by Section 116450 of the California Health and Safety Code, I notified all users of water supplied by the Golden State Vintners of the failure to meet the total coliform bacteria MCL for the month of August 2014 as directed by the Department. At least one primary distribution method is required: mail, hand-delivery or posting in conspicuous locations. A second method is also required in order to reach persons not likely to be reached by a mailing, direct delivery or posting:

Notif	fication was made on <u>Tuesday 8/26/2014</u> (date)
	immarize report delivery used and good-faith efforts taken, please check all items below apply and fill-in where appropriate:
\boxtimes	Posted the notice at the following conspicuous locations served by the water system (if needed, please attach a list of locations). Office, Packaging and Cellar.
	The notice was distributed by mail delivery to each customer served by the water system.
	The notice was distributed by direct delivery to each customer served by the water system. Specify direct delivery method(s) used:
	Publication of the notice in a local newspaper or newsletter of general circulation (attach copy of the published notice, including name of newspaper and date published).
	Email message to employees or students.
	Other method used to notify customers.
	DISCLOSURE: Be advised that Section 116725 and 116730 of the California Health and Safety Code state that any person who knowingly makes any false statement on any report or document submitted for the purpose of compliance with the attached order may be liable for a civil penalty not to exceed five thousand dollars (\$5,000) for separate violation for each day that violation continues. In addition, the violators may be prosecuted in criminal court and upon conviction, be punished by a fine of not more than \$25,000 for each day of violation, or be imprisoned in the county jail not to exceed one year, or by both the fine and imprisonment.
Certi	fied by Name and Title: Gary Nakagawa- Plant Operations Manager ,
	8/26/2014 Signature: Hay Mily 9/24/14

Due to the Dept. of Health Services within 10 days of notification to the public Total Coliform MCL Failure / Enforcement Action No.: In progress

IMPORTANT INFORMATION ABOUT YOUR DRINKING WATER

Este informe contiene información muy importante sobre su agua potable.

Tradúzcalo o hable con alguien que lo entienda bien.

Golden State Vintners Has Levels of Coliform Bacteria Above the Drinking Water Standard

Our water system recently failed a drinking water standard. Although this incident was not an emergency, as our customers, you have a right to know what you should do, what happened and what we did to correct this situation.

We routinely monitor for drinking water contaminants. We have taken <u>5</u> samples to test for the presence of coliform bacteria in <u>August</u> 2014. <u>4</u> of these samples showed the presence of total coliform bacteria. The standard is that no more than 1 sample per month may show the presence of coliform bacteria.

What should I do?

- You do not need to boil your water or take other corrective actions.
- This is not an emergency. If it had been, you would have been notified immediately. Total coliform bacteria are generally not harmful themselves. Coliforms are bacteria which are naturally present in the environment and are used as an indicator that other; potentially-harmful, bacteria may be present. Coliforms were found in more samples than allowed and this was a warning of potential problems.
- Usually, coliforms are a sign that there could be a problem with the treatment or distribution system (pipes). Whenever we detect coliform bacteria in any sample, we do follow-up testing to see if other bacteria of greater concern, such as fecal coliform or *E. coli*, are present. We did not find any of these bacteria in our testing.
- People with severely compromised immune systems, infants, and some elderly may be at increased risk. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. General guidelines on ways to lessen the risk of infection by microbes are available from EPA's Safe Drinking Water Hotline at 1(800) 426-4791.
- If you have other health issues concerning the consumption of this water, you may wish to consult your doctor.

What happened? What is being done?

The Cutler Water System will be chlorinated (disinfected) and flushed out on Wednesday, graveyard. We anticipate resolving the problem within 24-48 hours.

For more information, please contact Gary Nakagawa] at 559-528-3033] or at the following mailing address: [38558 Road 128, Cutler, CA 93615.

Please share this information with all the other people who drink this water, especially those who may not have received this notice directly (for example, people in apartments, nursing homes, schools, and businesses). You can do this by posting this public notice in a public place or distributing copies by hand or mail.

This notice is being posted by Golden State Vintners.

Date distributed: 8/26/2014.